

**Taurangi/Whakaaro Arorau A — Algebra/Logic Items A**

**Approach:** Independent

**Focus:** Varied algebra items.

**Resources:** None.

**Questions/instructions**



1. How many tiles will you need to make the pattern for 10 people?

E hia ngā tapawhā hei mahi i te taurira mō te 10 tāngata?

		% responses	
		GE <sub>d</sub>	MI
52	A	16	11

2. Which statement is true?

Ko tēhea te mea tika?

- A 442 > 436
- B 352 > 759
- C 518 > 819
- D 883 < 794

A	55	17
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3. What rule is used to get the numbers in Column B from the numbers in Column A?

Ko tēhea te ture e whakaatu ana i ahatia tau o te Poutū A kia oti mai tau o te Poutū B

Column A Poutū A	Column B Poutū B
12	3
16	4
24	6
40	10

		% responses	
		GE <sub>d</sub>	MI
A	42	43	

A Divide the number in Column A by 4.  
Whakawehea tau o te poutū A mā te 4.

B Multiply the number in Column A by 4.  
Whakaraua tau o te poutū A mā te 4.

C Subtract 9 from the number in Column A.  
Tangohia te 9 mai i tau o te poutū A

D Add 9 to the number in Column A.  
Tāpiritia te 9 ki ia tau o te poutū A

4.  $3 \times (\square + 5) = 30$

The number in this box should be

Ko te tau tika kē mō te pouaka, ko te

- A 2
- B 5
- C 10
- D 22

		% responses	
		GE <sub>d</sub>	MI
B	55	13	

5. If  $\frac{2}{25} = \frac{n}{500}$ , then n =

Mehemea  $\frac{2}{25} = \frac{n}{500}$ , ana, ko te n =

- A 20
- B 30
- C 40
- D 50

B	55	13
C	25	55

6.  $x < 6$

x is a whole number.

Write down the solution set of this sentence.

He tau oti [whole number] te x.

Tuhia te huinga tau mō te x.

0,1,2,3,4,5

3 0

1,2,3,4,5

3 0

**Commentary**

Māori students in general education (GE<sub>d</sub>) settings scored statistically significantly higher than students in Māori immersion (MI) settings.