## Taraiwa Hararei — Holiday Drive

Approach: Independent

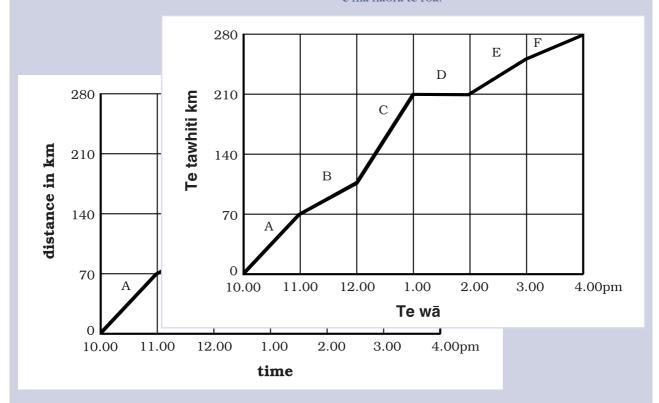
Focus: Interpreting a time/distance line graph.

Resources: None

## Questions/instructions:

Kate went on a car trip with her family. Back at school Kate made a graph to show how far her family travelled and how long it took them.

I haere a Keita me tōna whānau ki tētahi hararei mā runga motokā. I te hokinga mai o Keita ki te kura ka hangaia e ia he kauwhata hei whakaatu i pēhea rawa te tawhiti o tā rātou haere ko tana whānau, ā, e hia hāora te roa.



## Look at the graph to help you answer the questions.

Tirohia te kauwhata hei āwhina i a koe ki te whakahoki i ngā pātai.

1. How far did Kate's family travel in the first hour?

I te hāora tuatahi i pēhea te tawhiti o te

haere a Keita me tōna whānau?

70 km 79 64

70 10 16

2. Which letter on the graph shows when the family stopped for lunch?

Ko tēhea pū i te kauwhata e whakaatu ana nō nahea te whānau i tau ai ki te kai?

D 39 52

% responses

3. Which letter on the graph one we when	, T	
they travelled the fastest?	GEd	MI
Ko tēhea pū i te kauwhata e whakaatu ana		
i te tino tere rawa o tā rātou haere?		
C	51	58
4. How far had they gone after 3 hours?		
I pēhea te tawhiti o tā rātou haere i te		
hipatanga o te toru hāora?		
210 km	57	32
210	11	26
Total score: 5-6	39	34
3-4	37	36
	<i>J</i> ,	
1-2	20	20

4 10

3. Which letter on the graph shows when

## Commentary:

Overall, the results obtained by MI (Māori Immersion) and GEd (General Education) students were not statistically significantly different.